

C++ Programming for Non-C Programmers

Duration: 5 days (*Face-to-Face & Remote-Live*), or 35 Hours (*On-Demand*)

Price: \$2495 (*Face-to-Face & Remote-Live*), or \$1495 (*On-Demand*)

Discounts: We offer multiple discount options. [Click here](#) for more information.

Delivery Options: Attend face-to-face in the classroom, [remote-live](#) or via [on-demand training](#).

Description

This C++ programming course provides an accelerated introduction to the most essential syntactical components of the C and C++ languages on the first day, prior to four days of focus on object-oriented programming with C++. The course begins by introducing the built in data types, fundamental control constructs, and rich expression operator repertoire common to both C and C+. The remainder of the course teaches object-oriented programming using features of C++, congruent with the C++ for C Programmers course. Hands on exercises are performed throughout each day to demonstrate key concepts and assure mastery by the student.

Prerequisites

Prior programming experience, though not necessarily in C or C++. Some prior knowledge of basic C syntax is helpful but not required.

Course Overview

ANSI C++ Fundamentals

- Block Structure of C and C++ Programs
- Fundamentals of Syntax
- Built in Data Types
- The Preprocessor and Macros
- Standard Runtime Libraries and Header Files

Data Types, Storage, Classes, and Scope

- Data Types and Qualifiers
- Constants and String Literals
- Static versus Automatic Storage
- Scope and Variables
- Initialization Rules

Operators and Expressions

- Arithmetic, Logical, and Bit Operators
- Precedence and Associativity
- Assignment
- Type Conversion Rules
- Type Casting

Pointers

- Advantages of Pointers
- Uses of Pointers
- Declaring Pointers
- Pointer and Address Arithmetic
- Initializing and Dereferencing Pointers
- Pointers vs. Arrays

Moving from C to C++

- New Compiler Directives
- Stream Console I/O
- Explicit Operators
- Standard Libraries
- Data Control Capabilities

Functions

- Function Prototypes and Type Checking
- Default Function Data Types
- Function Overloading
- Problems with Function Overloading
- Name Resolution
- Promotions and Conversions
- Call by Value
- Reference Declarations
- Call-by-Reference and Reference Types
- References in Function Return
- Constant Argument Types
- Conversion of Parameters Using Default Initializers
- Providing Default Arguments

Flow Control Constructs

- Conditional Constructs: `if`, `switch`
- Looping Constructs: `while`, `do`, `for`
- Programming Style

Functions

- Purpose of Functions
- Functions versus Inlining
- The Argument Stack
- Passing by Value
- Passing by Reference
- Declaring External Functions
- Function Prototyping

Handling Data

- New Declaration Features
- Initialization and Assignment
- Enumerated Types
- The `bool` Type
- Constant Storage
- Pointers to Constant Storage
- Constant Pointers
- References
- Constant Reference Arguments
- Volatile Data
- Global Data

Creating and Using Objects

- Creating Automatic Objects
- Creating Dynamic Objects
- Calling Object Methods
- Constructors
- Initializing Member consts
- Initializer List Syntax
- Allocating Resources in Constructor
- Destructors
- Block and Function Scope
- File and Global Scope
- Class Scope
- Scope Resolution Operator `::`
- Using Objects as Arguments
- Objects as Function Return Values
- Constant Methods
- Containment Relationships

- Inline Functions

Dynamic Memory Management

- Advantages of Dynamic Memory Allocation
- Static, Automatic, and Heap Memory
- Free Store Allocation with `new` and `delete`
- Handling Memory Allocation Errors

Inheritance

- Inheritance and Reuse
- Composition vs. Inheritance
- Inheritance: Centralized Code
- Inheritance: Maintenance and Revision
 - Public, Private and Protected Members
 - Redefining Behavior in Derived Classes
 - Designing Extensible Software Systems
- Syntax for Public Inheritance
- Use of Common Pointers
- Constructors and Initialization
- Inherited Copy Constructors
- Destructors and Inheritance
- Public, Protected, Private Inheritance

Introduction to Object Concepts

- The Object Programming Paradigm
- Object-Oriented Programming Definitions
- Information Hiding and Encapsulation
- Separating Interface and Implementation
- Classes and Instances of Objects
- Overloaded Objects and Polymorphism

Strings in C++

- Character Strings
- The String Class
- Operators on Strings
- Member Functions of the String Class

C++ Program Structure

Controlling Object Creation

- Object Copying and Copy Constructor
- Automatic Copy Constructor
- Conversion Constructor

Streaming I/O

- Streams and the `iostream` Library
- Built-in Stream Objects
- Stream Manipulators
- Stream Methods
- Input/Output Operators
- Character Input
- String Streams
- Formatted I/O
- File Stream I/O
- Overloading Stream Operators
- Persistent Objects

Templates

- Purpose of Template Classes
- Constants in Templates
- Templates and Inheritance
- Container Classes
- Use of Libraries

Exceptions

- Types of Exceptions
- Trapping and Handling Exceptions
- Triggering Exceptions
- Handling Memory Allocation Errors

Reliability Considerations in C++ Projects

- Organizing C++ Source Files
- Integrating C and C++ Projects
- Using C in C++
- Function Prototypes
- Strong Type Checking
- Constant Types
- C++ Access Control Techniques

Polymorphism in C++

- Definition of Polymorphism
- Calling Overridden Methods
- Upcasting
- Accessing Overridden Methods
- Virtual Methods and Dynamic Binding
- Virtual Destructors
- Abstract Base Classes and Pure Virtual Methods

Multiple Inheritance

- Derivation from Multiple Base Classes
- Base Class Ambiguities
- Virtual Inheritance
 - Virtual Base Classes
 - Virtual Base Class Information

Declaring and Defining Classes

- Components of a Class
- Class Structure
- Class Declaration Syntax
- Member Data
- Built-in Operations
- Constructors and Initialization
- Initialization vs. Assignment
- Class Type Members
- Member Functions and Member Accessibility
- Inline Member Functions
- Friend Functions
- Static Members
- Modifying Access with a Friend Class

Operator Overloading

- Advantages and Pitfalls of Overloading
- Member Operator Syntax and Examples
- Class Assignment Operators
- Class Equality Operators
- Non-Member Operator Overloading
- Member and Non-Member Operator Functions
- Operator Precedence
- The this Pointer
- Overloading the Assignment Operator
- Overloading Caveats

The Standard Template Library

- STL Containers
- Parameters Used in Container Classes
- The Vector Class
- STL Algorithms
- Use of Libraries

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